Introduced by Senator Romero

February 16, 2005

An act to amend Section 10209 Sections 10200, 10201, 10205, and 10209 of the Unemployment Insurance Code, relating to employment training.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 314, as amended, Romero. Job training.

Under existing law, the Employment Training Panel has specified duties, including the duty to make contracts for training in job-related vocational skills, as specified.

This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change to those provisions authorize the panel to make contracts for training in job-related vocational skills to increase the productivity and extended retention of workers in the state's major seasonal industries and would establish a payment schedule for those contracts. The bill would also make technical, nonsubstantive changes to existing law.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no-yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 10200 of the Unemployment Insurance
- 2 Code is amended to read:
- 3 10200. The Legislature finds and declares the following:
- 4 (a) California's economy is being challenged by competition
- 5 from other states and overseas. In order to meet this challenge,
- 6 California's employers, workers, labor organizations, and
- 7 government need to invest in a skilled and productive workforce,

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and in developing the skills of frontline workers. For purposes of this section, "frontline worker" means a worker who directly produces or delivers goods or services.

The purpose of this chapter is to establish a strategically designed employment training program to promote a healthy labor market in a growing, competitive economy that shall fund only projects that meet the following criteria:

- (1) Foster creation of high-wage, high-skilled jobs, or foster retention of high-wage, high-skilled jobs in manufacturing and other industries that are threatened by out-of-state and global competition, including, but not limited to, those industries in which targeted training resources for California's small and medium-sized business suppliers will increase the state's competitiveness to secure federal, private sector, and other nonstate funds. Provide for retraining contracts in companies that make a monetary or in-kind contribution to the funded training enhancements.
- (2) Encourage industry-based investment in human resources development that promotes the competitiveness of California industry through productivity and product quality enhancements.
- (3) Result in secure jobs for those who successfully complete training. All training shall be customized to the specific requirements of one or more employers or a discrete industry and shall include general skills that trainees can use in the future.
- (4) Increase the productivity and efficiency of the state's major seasonal industries and strengthen their ability to compete in the national and international marketplaces by improving the skills of their workforces.
- (5) Supplement, rather than displace, funds available through existing programs conducted by employers and government-funded training programs, such as the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act, CalWORKs, the Enterprise Zone Act, and the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act, the California Community Colleges Economic Development Program, or apportionment funds allocated to the community colleges, regional occupational centers and programs, or other local educational agencies. In addition, it is further the intention of the Legislature that programs developed pursuant to this chapter

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shall not replace, parallel, supplant, compete with, or duplicate in any way already existing approved apprenticeship programs.

- (b) The Employment Training Panel, in funding projects that meet the requirements of subdivision (a), shall give funding priority to those projects that best meet the following goals:
- (1) Result in the growth of the California economy by stimulating exports from the state, and the production of goods and services that would otherwise be imported from outside the state.
- (2) Train new employees of firms locating or expanding in the state that provide high-skilled, high-wage jobs and are committed to an ongoing investment in the training of frontline workers.
- (3) Develop workers with skills that prepare them for the challenges of a high performance workplace of the future.
- (4) Train workers who have been displaced, have received notification of impending layoff, or are subject to displacement, because of a plant closure, workforce reduction, changes in technology, or significantly increasing levels of international and out-of-state competition.
- (5) Are jointly developed by business management and worker representatives.
 - (6) Develop career ladders for workers.
- (7) Promote the retention and expansion of the state's manufacturing workforce.
- (c) The program established through this chapter is to be coordinated with all existing employment training programs and economic development programs, including, but not limited to, programs such as the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, the California Community Colleges, the regional occupational programs, vocational education programs, joint labor-management training programs, and related programs under the Employment Development Department and the Business, Transportation and Housing Agency.
- 34 SEC. 2. Section 10201 of the Unemployment Insurance Code 35 is amended to read:
 - 10201. As used in this chapter:
- 37 (a) "Department" means the Employment Development 38 Department.
- 39 (b) "Employer" or "eligible employer" means any employer 40 subject to Part 1 (commencing with Section 100) of Division 1,

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except any public entity, or any nonprofit organization which has elected an alternate method of financing its liability for unemployment insurance compensation benefits pursuant to Article 5 (commencing with Section 801), or Article 6 (commencing with Section 821) of Chapter 3.

Any public entity or nonprofit organization that has elected an alternate method of financing its liability for unemployment insurance compensation benefits pursuant to Article 5 (commencing with Section 801), or Article 6 (commencing with Section 821) of Chapter 3, shall be deemed to be an employer only for purposes of placement of new hire trainees who received training as an incidental part of a training project designed to meet the needs of one or more private sector employers.

- (c) "Eligible participant" means any person who, prior to beginning training or employment pursuant to this chapter, is any of the following:
- (1) Unemployed and has established an unemployment insurance claim in this state, or has exhausted eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits from this state within the previous 24 months.
- (2) Employed for a minimum of 90 days by his or her employer, or if employed for less than 90 days, met the conditions of paragraph (1) at the time of hire, had received a notice of layoff from the prior employer, or was employed by an employer for a period of not less than 90 days during the 180-day period prior to the employee's current employment.
- (d) "Executive director" means the executive director appointed pursuant to Section 10202.
- (e) "Fund" means the Employment Training Fund created by Section 1610.
- (f) "Job" means employment on a basis customarily considered full time *or full time seasonal* for the occupation and industry. The employment shall have definite career potential and a substantial likelihood of providing long-term job security. Furthermore, the employment shall provide earnings, upon completion of the employment requirement specified in subdivision (f) of Section 10209, equal to 50 percent, in the case of new hire training, or 60 percent, in the case of retraining, of the state or regional average hourly wage, *except workers retained by a seasonal employer*. However, *except for workers*

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retained by a seasonal employer, who shall receive earnings at a rate not less than the industry standard, in no case shall the employment result in earnings of less than 45 percent of the state average hourly wage for new hire training and 55 percent of the state average hourly wage for retraining. The panel may consider the dollar value of health benefits that are voluntarily paid for by an employer when computing earnings to meet the minimum wage requirements.

- (g) "New hire training" means employment training, including job-related literacy training, for persons who, at the start of training, are unemployed.
- (h) "Panel" means the Employment Training Panel created by Section 10202.
- (i) "Retraining" means employment related skill and literacy training for persons who are employed and who meet the definition of paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) prior to commencement of training and will continue to be employed by the same employer for at least 90 days following completion of training or, for persons retained by a seasonal employer, at least 500 hours in the 12 months immediately following the completion of training.
- (j) "Seasonal employer" means an employer in an industry that competes in the national or international marketplace, whose workforce is comprised of at least 50 percent of workers whose employment period is necessarily cyclical and is directly related to the harvesting, packing, processing, or transportation of goods or products, who has retained at least 50 percent of the same seasonal employees for at least one season of not less than 500 hours for the preceding 12-month period, and who pays wages and provides benefits that exceed industry averages.
- (k) "Seasonal worker training agency" means a trade association or business primarily engaged in training workers in a seasonal industry that meets all of the requirements of Section 10210, and has provided vocational, educational, and workplace leadership training for workers of seasonal employers for at least five years.
- (1) "State average hourly wage" means the average weekly wage paid by employers to employees covered by unemployment insurance, as reported to the Employment Development

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Department for the four calendar quarters ending June 30 of the preceding calendar year, divided by 40 hours.

3 (k)

(m) "Trainee" means an eligible participant.

5 (l)

- (n) "Training agency" means any private training entity or local educational agency.
- SEC. 3. Section 10205 of the Unemployment Insurance Code is amended to read:

10205. The panel shall do all of the following:

- (a) Establish a three-year plan that shall be updated annually, based on the demand of employers for trained workers, changes in the state's economy and labor markets, and continuous reviews of the effectiveness of panel training contracts. The initial three-year plan shall be submitted to the Governor and the Legislature not later than January 1, 1994. The initial update of the plan shall be submitted not later than July 1, 1994, and annual updates of the plan thereafter shall be submitted not later than July 1 of each year. In carrying out this section, the panel shall review information in the following areas:
- (1) Labor market information, including the state-local labor market information program in the Employment Development Department, and economic forecasts.
- (2) Evaluations of the effectiveness of training as measured by increased security of employment for workers and benefits to the California economy.
- (3) The demand for training by industry, type of training, and size of employer.
- (4) Changes in skills necessary to perform jobs, including changes in basic literacy skills.
- (5) Changes in the demographics of the labor force and the population entering the labor market.
- (6) Proposed expenditures by other agencies of federal Workforce Investment Act funds and other state and federal training and vocational education funds on eligible participants.
- (b) Maintain a system to continuously monitor economic and other data required under this plan. If this data changes significantly during the life of the plan, the plan shall be amended by the panel. Each plan shall include all of the following:

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(1) The panel's objectives with respect to the criteria and priorities specified in Section 10200 and the distribution of funds between new-hire training and retraining.

- (2) The identification of specific industries, production and quality control techniques, and regions of the state where employment training funds would most benefit the state's economy and plans to encourage training in these areas, including specific standards and a system for expedited review of proposals that meet the standards.
- (3) A system for expedited review of proposals that are substantially similar with respect to employer needs, training curriculum, duration of training, and costs of training, in order to encourage the development of proposals that meet the needs identified in paragraph (2).
- (4) The panel's goals, operational objectives, and strategies to meet the needs of small businesses, including, but not limited to, those small businesses with 100 or fewer employees. These strategies proposed by the panel may include, but not be limited to, pilot demonstration projects designed to identify potential barriers that small businesses may experience in accessing panel programs and workforce training resources, including barriers that may exist within small businesses.
- (5) The research objectives of the panel that contribute to the effectiveness of this chapter in benefiting benefitting the economy of the state as a whole.
- (6) A priority list of skills that are in such short supply that employers are choosing to not locate or expand their businesses in the state or are importing labor in response to these skills shortages.
- (c) Solicit proposals and write contracts on the basis of proposals made directly to it. Contracts for the purpose of providing employment training may be written with any of the following:
 - (1) An employer or group of employers.
 - (2) A training agency.

- (3) A local workforce investment board with the approval of the appropriate local elected officials in the local workforce investment area.
- 39 (4) A grant recipient or administrative entity selected pursuant 40 to the federal Workforce Investment Act of 1998, with the

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approval of the local workforce investment board and the appropriate local elected officials.

These contracts shall be in the form of fixed-fee performance contracts. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, contracts entered into pursuant to this chapter shall not be subject to competitive bidding procedures. Contracts for training may be written for a period not to exceed 24 months for the purpose of administration by the panel and the contracting employer or any group of employers acting jointly or any training agency for the purpose of providing employment training.

- (d) Fund training projects that best meet the priorities identified annually. In doing so, the panel shall seek to facilitate the employment of the maximum number of eligible participants.
- (e) Establish minimum standards for the consideration of proposals, which shall include, but not be limited to, the identification of employers who have been contacted by the contractor and who have provided reasonable assurance that they will employ successful trainees, the number of jobs available, the skill requirements for the identified jobs, the projected cost per person trained, hired, and retained in employment, the wages paid successful trainees upon placement, and the curriculum for the training. No proposal shall be considered or approved that proposes training for employment covered by a collective bargaining agreement unless the signatory labor organization agrees in writing.
- (f) Develop a process by which local workforce investment boards may apply for marketing resources for the purpose of identifying local employers that have training needs that reflect the priorities of the panel. The panel may delegate its authority to approve contracts for training to local workforce investment boards, provided that no contract approved exceeds fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) per project without prior approval of the panel and all contracts meet the provisions of this chapter and are consistent with the annual priorities identified by the panel.
- (g) Ensure the provision of adequate fiscal and accounting controls for, monitoring and auditing of, and other appropriate technical and administrative assistance to, projects funded by this chapter.
- 39 (h) Provide for evaluation of projects funded by this chapter. 40 The evaluations shall assess the effectiveness of training

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previously funded by the panel to improve job security and 1 2 stability for workers, and benefit participating employers and the 3 state's economy, and shall compare the wages of trainees in the 4 12-month period prior to training as well as the 12-month period 5 subsequent to completion of training, as reflected in the 6 department's unemployment insurance tax records. Projects involving seasonal employers may be evaluated based upon a 7 8 training period of up to 18 months and a comparative wage assessment period of up to 24 months after the completion of 10 training or two employment seasons, whichever is longer. 11 Individual project evaluations shall contain a summary description of the project, the number of persons entering 12 13 training, the number of persons completing training, the number 14 of persons employed at the end of the project, the number of 15 persons still employed three months after the end of the project, 16 the wages paid, the total costs of the project, and the total 17 reimbursement received from the Employment Training Fund. 18

- (i) Report annually to the Legislature, by November 30, on projects operating during the previous state fiscal year. These annual reports shall provide separate summaries of all of the following:
- (1) Projects completed during the year, including their individual and aggregate performance and cost.
- (2) Projects not completed during the year, briefly describing each project and identifying approved contract amounts by contract and for this category as a whole, and identifying any projects in which funds are expected to be disencumbered.
- (3) Projects terminated prior to completion and the reasons for the termination.
- (4) A description of the amount, type, and effectiveness of literacy training funded by the panel.
 - (5) Results of complete project evaluations.

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- (6) A description of pilot projects, and the strategies that were identified through these projects, to increase access by small businesses to panel training contracts.
- (7) A listing of training projects that were funded in high unemployment areas and a detailed description of the policies and procedures that were used to designate geographic regions and municipalities as high unemployment areas.

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In addition, based upon its experience in administering job training projects, the panel shall include in these reports policy recommendations concerning the impact of job training and the panel's program on economic development, labor-management relations, employment security, and other related issues.

- (j) Conduct ongoing reviews of panel policies with the goal of developing an improved process for developing, funding, and implementing panel contracts as described in this chapter.
- (k) Expedite the processing of contracts for firms considering locating or expanding businesses in the state, in accordance with the priorities for employment training programs set forth in subdivision (b) of Section 10200.
- (*l*) Coordinate and consult regularly with business groups and labor organizations, the California Workforce Investment Board, the State Department of Education, the office of the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges, and the Employment Development Department.
- (m) Adopt by regulation procedures for the conduct of panel business, including the scheduling and conduct of meetings, the review of proposals, the disclosure of contacts between panel members and parties at interest concerning particular proposals, contracts or cases before the panel or its staff, the awarding of contracts, the administration of contracts, and the payment of amounts due to contractors. All decisions by the panel shall be made by resolution of the panel and any adverse decision shall include a statement of the reason for the decision.
- (n) Adopt regulations and procedures providing reasonable confidentiality for the proprietary information of employers seeking training funds from the panel if the public disclosure of that information would result in an unfair competitive disadvantage to the employer supplying the information. The panel may not withhold information from the public regarding its operations, procedures, and decisions that would otherwise be subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code).
- (o) Review and comment on the budget and performance of any program, project, or activity funded by the panel utilizing funds collected pursuant to Section 976.6.

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SECTION 1.

SEC. 4. Section 10209 of the Unemployment Insurance Code is amended to read:

10209. (a) Contracts shall only be made for training in job-related vocational skills that are necessary for participants to attain a new job or retain an existing job with definite career potential and long-term job security, or for increased productivity and extended retention of workers in the state's major seasonal industries. The contracts for vocational skills training may include ancillary training for job-related basic and literacy skills training if the panel finds that the training is necessary to achieve the objectives of the vocational training or to improve the productivity or skills of persons employed by seasonal employers.

- (b) Contracts for projects involving on-the-job training shall specify the specific skills and competencies to be gained as a result of the on-the-job training component of the project.
- (c) The panel shall not approve any training proposal that facilitates the change in ownership of a business leading to the likelihood that an existing collective bargaining agreement would be declared void.
- (d) To encourage a broad and equitable distribution of funds, the panel may require an employer who has previously received funds pursuant to this chapter for retraining of workers at a facility to contribute proportionately more to the cost of training in subsequent panel contracts for training of workers at the same facility.
- (e) The panel may delegate to the executive director the authority to approve training contracts of up to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), provided the contracts meet the requirements of this chapter and the policies established by the panel, and provided that the panel regularly reviews the actions taken by the executive director pursuant to this subdivision.
- (f) Payments shall be made in accordance with a performance contract under which partial payments may be made during training, a partial payment may be made on placement or retention of each trainee, and not less than 25 percent of the negotiated fee is withheld until the trainee has been retained in employment for 90 days after the end of training with a single employer, except for *persons employed by seasonal employers*

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and those occupations in which it is not customary for a worker to be employed 90 consecutive days with a single employer. In 3 these latter cases, the panel may substitute a period similar to the 4 probationary period customary to the occupation. The probationary period shall not be less than 500 work hours and 5 shall be completed within 272 days of the completion of the training. In no case shall any payment be considered to have been earned until the trainee has been retained in employment for 90 days or the equivalent probationary period for an occupation in 10 which it is not customary for a worker to be employed 90 consecutive days with a single employer. 11

- (g) Contracts for new hire training shall require the contractor to provide the placement services necessary to ensure the trainees are placed in jobs for which they have been trained.
- (h) Notwithstanding subdivision (f), payments for contracts with a seasonal worker training agency or seasonal employers shall be made as follows:
- (1) Fifteen percent shall be paid when the contract has been signed by all parties.
- (2) Thirty-five percent shall be paid at the outset of the training period.
- (3) Twenty-five percent shall be paid upon the completion of the training period.
- (4) Twenty-five percent shall be paid after a worker has completed the training and been retained by a seasonal employer for at least 250 hours in a six-month period, 375 hours in a nine-month period, or 500 hours in a 12-month period, whichever occurs first.